



Advanced Leadership

Teacher Information



Teacher Name: Pete Totoonchie

About Me:

My name is Pete Totoonchie.
While I was born in LA County
I was raised in Nevada County
after moving here with my
family at the age of 5. In the
picture to the left you can see
me and my family taking a

bite out of summer on one of our camping trips. My wife, Ashley, is a teacher at Lyman Gilmore and my children, Zeke and Aila, both attend Nevada Union and Lyman Gilmore as well.

I enjoy most activities outdoors and spend most of my free time running, mountain biking, playing soccer, and camping. As a graduate of NU I am extraordinarily happy to be back as a teacher and be able to spend my time there with you!

Professional Background:

After graduating from Concordia University, Irvine with a degree in English and the departmental Senior English Award, I spent a short time working there as the Coordinator of University Services before diving into the teaching world as a high school English teacher at Saddleback Valley Christian School in San Juan Capistrano. During my two years as SVC I also

worked as the English Department Chair and Sophomore Class Advisor and on earning my Clear Credential. After those initial teaching years, my wife and I moved back to Nevada County where I taught for two years at the county juvenile hall and another two years at Earl Jamison Court Community Day School. During those four years I earned VPSS certifications in Social Science, Math, and Science, and I also held the title of PE teacher for Sierra Mountain Independent Study. Finally, after all that, I made it back to Nevada Union as an Activities Director and English Teacher.

School Site: Nevada Union High School

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Course Description

Advanced Leadership is a class for students who are devoted to improving themselves and their school, who want to actively seek ways to improve the culture and climate of Nevada Union. Participants will be trained in team building, cooperative skill development, project planning and management, and discussion skills. They become leaders, motivators, role models, teachers, and mentors.

Essential Learning Outcomes (ELOs)

COMMUNICATION

Standard 1: Written Communication

Written communication is the foundation of the student leadership program. Even when words are meant to be spoken (e.g., Homecoming script, auto-dialer message to families), it all begins with the written word.

2. The student leader applies knowledge of proper tone, formatting, and the appropriate use of business or friendly email.

- 4. The student leader uses appropriate tone and language when giving written feedback.
- 6. The student leader organizes, writes, and publishes attention-grabbing messages suitable for the occasion and audience.
- 7. The student leader creates an invitation suitable for the occasion and audience.
- 10. The student leader creates eye-catching, effective posters and flyers.
- 11. The student leader creates eye-catching, effective social media messages.
- 13. The student leader creates and sends personalized thank you notes.

Standard 2: Interviewing Skills

Student leaders encounter interviews in a variety of different settings. Appointed candidates are interviewed for selection; experienced officers are sometimes called upon to reverse roles and become the interviewer. By sitting on both sides of the table, student leaders can gain valuable college and career interview skills.

- 1. The student leader researches and investigates the mission and vision of the organization, as well as the desired position.
- 2. The student leader identifies areas of personal strength and growth.
- 3. The student leader anticipates possible interview questions and rehearses potential responses.
- 4. The student leader demonstrates appropriate and professional appearance.
- 5. The student leader exemplifies confidence and attentiveness.
- 6. The student leader prepares and asks valuable questions.
- 7. The student leader actively listens and responds during the interview process to demonstrate understanding.

Standard 3: Public Speaking

Student leaders speak in the public arena in formal and informal settings. A variety of verbal and non-verbal factors ensure the success of their communication.

- 1. The student leader acknowledges the audience and purpose of the occasion and adapts speech and content accordingly.
- 2. The student leader plans and executes accurate pace and timing.
- 4. The student leader uses appropriate volume, tone, emphasis, and diction.
- 5. The student leader utilizes effective body language and eye contact.
- 6. The student leader demonstrates a variety of techniques to connect with the audience and to maintain the audience's attention.
- 7. The student leader effectively incorporates a variety of media and/or realia into speech content when applicable.

Standard 4: Crowd Management

Effective group management requires good planning and an awareness of the location and composition of the group.

- 1. The student leader understands the importance of providing a safe location.
- 2. The student leader demonstrates knowledge of appropriate comments to encourage cooperation.
- 3. The student leader acknowledges when and who to talk to for questions and assistance.
- 4. The student leader plans ahead for potential problems.
- 5. The student leader has the opportunity to try the process again and again.
- 6. The student leader prepares location and manpower.

Standard 5: Conflict Resolution

Managing groups requires developing and refining skills related to listening, advising, effectively communicating, and seeking outside support as needed.

- 1. The student leader identifies the presence of a conflict and determines whether it is an individual or group conflict.
- 2. In an individual conflict, the student leader utilizes active listening techniques, acknowledges their role in the conflict, and reaches mutual agreement on a path forward.
- 3. In a group conflict, the student leader identifies individuals' roles in the conflict, utilizes active listening techniques with the group, acknowledges their own role in the conflict, and reaches group consensus on a path forward.
- 4. The student leader seeks out adult (advisor, counselor, administrator) intervention when appropriate.
- 7. The student leader considers diverse ideas, synthesizes viewpoints, and analyzes claims and evidence on all sides of an issue when considering possible solutions.

Standard 6: Evaluation and Feedback

Effective leaders continually self evaluate and seek the feedback of outside observers in order to expand their leadership skills.

- 1. The student leader acknowledges the value of feedback for both personal and organizational growth.
- 2. Following an activity, the student leader reflects upon the activity's successes and areas for growth through an individual, small group, whole group, and/or whole school evaluation process.
- 3. The student leader uses appropriate tone and language to provide constructive written and oral feedback.
- 4. Periodically, the student leader evaluates the job performance of their leadership peers to provide both personal and organizational growth.
- 5. The student leader seeks out evaluation and feedback from previous events to inform the planning and implementation of future events.

Standard 7: Interpersonal Skills

Strong leaders possess exceptional interpersonal skills that focus on active listening, taking initiative, and collaborating positively.

- 1. The student leader acknowledges the value of teamwork and consensus building in all aspects of student leadership.
- 2. The student leader understands the difference between passive and active listening.
- 3. The student leader practices active listening skills, including positive facial expression, eye contact, posture, summarizing, and eliminating distractions.
- 4. The student leader articulates their own point of view and utilizes active listening to hear others' points of view to arrive at a mutual decision.
- 5. The student leader treats others with compassion and empathy.
- 6. The student leader communicates feelings using "I" statements.
- 7. The student leader practices problem solving skills, including identifying the problem, soliciting possible solutions from members of the leadership team, and then implementing an agreed-upon solution.
- 8. The student leader utilizes a combination of traditional, non-traditional, and other creative approaches to idea generation, activity planning, and problem solving.
- 9. The student leader takes initiative by assessing where a need exists, and assisting without being asked, when appropriate.
- 10. The student leader acknowledges and celebrates the strengths and accomplishments of others.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Standard 1: Group Dynamics

Effective leaders work collaboratively to create vision, purpose, and direction for their team. Particular emphasis on positive group dynamics leads to the best possible outcome for the team's mission.

- 1. The student leader acknowledges different personality types and how to work together in an all-inclusive group setting.
- 2. The student leader appreciates the diversity of others, and the value of representing a diverse student body.
- 4. The student leader serves as a participating member of a group.
- 6. The student leader celebrates accomplishments and recognizes the contributions of others.
- 8. The student leader recognizes and utilizes various models of decision-making (e.g., authoritative, consensus, democratic, individual)
- 9. The student leader considers diverse ideas, synthesizes viewpoints, and analyzes claims and evidence on all sides of an issue when considering possible solutions.
- 10. Once made, the student leader supports decisions of the group.

Standard 2: Goal Setting, Feedback, and Evaluation

Identifying vision and a systematic plan for implementation of the team's goals leads to its ultimate success. The team should first identify why its mission is important and then set attainable goals to achieve its objectives.

- 1. The student leader sets short-term and long-term personal goals.
- 2. The student leadership team sets attainable goals to improve school culture and climate.
- 3. The student leader creates a plan of action for achieving goals.
- 4. The student leader creates timelines for meeting goals and monitors progress to ensure on-time completion.
- 5. The student leader self-evaluates, solicits peer and advisor feedback, and makes adjustments to goals, behavior, and processes as necessary.
- 6. The student leader gives feedback to peers in a positive and constructive manner.

Standard 3: Social and Emotional Learning

A harmonious environment where all leaders feel validated, accepted, and important is necessary to facilitate cooperation within the group. Individual leaders need to develop self awareness and an appreciation for the diversity of others in order to utilize their strengths and contribute positively to the group.

- 1. The student leader identifies emotions, thoughts, and values that impact behavior and self efficacy.
- 2. The student leader analyzes one's strengths and areas of improvement to develop a validated self-perception, self-competence, and growth mindset.
- 3. The student leader will practice self-management by regulating thoughts, emotions, and behaviors in various situations as they relate to stress, motivation, discipline, and impulse control.
- 4. The student leader makes informed decisions about behavior and social interactions that consider the consequences of one's actions and the well-being of oneself and others.
- 5. The student leader establishes and maintains healthy relationships with the student leadership team, the student body, and adults.
- 6. The student leader resists inappropriate social pressure.
- 7. The student leader negotiates conflict constructively.
- 8. The student leader seeks and offers help when needed.
- 9. The student leader identifies differing social and cultural norms and then raises awareness of those norms to promote acceptance and inclusion.
- 10. The student leader acknowledges differing backgrounds (cultural, religious, geographic, special needs, socio-economic, gender identity, sexual orientation) and includes diverse perspectives to promote an inclusive school culture.

CIVIC AND SERVICE LEARNING

Standard 1: Civic and Community Engagement

As the future leaders of our communities and world, our student leaders need the experience of working collaboratively with affiliated organizations to establish connections -- allowing all groups to achieve their highest potential.

- 1. The student leader develops partnerships with various student, school, parent, and community groups.
- 2. The student leader identifies the financial restrictions and guidelines of other organizations.
- 3. The student leader recognizes the value of membership in, and/or partnership with, associations--groups of people organized for a joint purpose.

Standard 2: Service Learning Strategies

Informed global citizens need practical experiences -- at an early age, to effect change in their communities and beyond. Fostering these opportunities (and follow up reflection) empowers them to identify their responsibilities as members of the global community.

- 1. The student leader recognizes the difference between service learning and community service.
- 2. The student leader assesses the needs of the community by reaching out to community leaders and local government.
- 5. The student leader seeks both school and community feedback to evaluate and reflect upon the impact of the project.

Standard 3: Community Service

Serving others creates connections and awakens a sense of responsibility for societal challenges. It also helps the leader identify needs within the community and fosters the development of empathy and compassion.

- 1. The student leader establishes relationships with community leaders and community groups to help address a community need.
- 2. The student leader participates in a service activity or project to serve a specific need of others.
- 3. The student leader experiences and recognizes the benefit of serving others.
- 4. The student leader demonstrates empathy for, and an awareness of social, cultural, and societal norms for diverse locations and populations.

GOVERNMENT

Standard 1: Authority and Governance

Student leadership offers our kids the opportunity to participate in the system of government and procedures that exist on their campuses. It also allows them to make comparisons

between student government and local, state, and national government systems and policies, and to experience the constraints within all government systems must operate.

- 1. The student leader identifies the purpose and function of government, the scope and limits of authority, and the principle of "consent of the governed."
- 2. The student leader acknowledges the relationship of power and authority between the student body organization, school staff, school district governing board, and state legislature.
- 3. The student leader learns the chain of command that exists within their school and their student body organization.
- 4. The student leader reviews and/or creates a constitution and bylaws for the student body.
- 5. The student leader contributes to committees and/or councils and recognizes how the committees and/or councils benefit the student leadership team.
- 6. The student leader acknowledges the right of students to form student clubs and organizations in accordance with district, state, and federal guidelines.

Standard 2: Procedures

Adherence to established policies and procedures is an important aspect of local, regional, and national government. Teaching our students to identify and follow these formal and informal protocols is an important part of their growth as entrusted leaders.

- 1. The student leader recognizes the ethical and legal implications of following or not following established procedures, rules, regulations, agreements, and contracts.
- 2. The student leader contributes to the creation of rules, regulations, agreements, and contracts for student-led activities.
- 3. The student leader follows the established chain of command protocol for the student leadership team, the school, and the school district.

Standard 3: Elections and Appointments

When a student leader runs or applies for an elected or appointed office and wins, she wants to know that she did so in a fair and equitable process. Likewise, the student who runs/applies and does not get the job also wants to know that he lost fair and square. While the primary responsibility for ensuring a fair and accessible election/selection process rests with the advisor and administration, student leaders can contribute a great deal to the fairness and equality of the process by following the rules and guidelines, encouraging their friends and supporters to positively participate in the process, and then finally being a gracious winner or loser.

5. The student leader chosen to participate on a selection committee shall practice fairness, impartiality, open-mindedness, and confidentiality during and after the selection process.

Standard 4: Effective Meetings

The Business Meeting often serves as the backbone of the daily operation of student leadership organizations. The adult advisor, the president, the secretary, and each individual member all have a role to play in a productive meeting. By understanding the format and structure of an effective meeting, student leaders can give all stakeholders a voice and more quickly get to the planning and implementation of the programs and activities that create a positive school culture.

- 1. The student leader utilizes the principles of group dynamics in meeting protocols.
- 2. The student leader practices Parliamentary Procedure during formal business meetings.
- 4. The student leader utilizes inclusive meeting strategies for brainstorming, prioritizing, and project planning.

BUSINESS AND FINANCE

Standard 1: Finance/Accounting

With a combination of school activities, athletics, and class activities, an associated student body in California can easily have a six- or seven-digit figure annual budget to manage. School staff (including administrators, athletic directors, leadership advisor, and account clerk or other classified staff) often handle many of the day-to-day ASB transactions. However, students in middle and high school ASBs are still considered by state law to be the stewards of all student body funds. As such, student leaders should be involved at every level of student body fund accounting, from the creation and approval of an budget, through the pre-approval and disbursement of funds, and the collection of fundraiser monies, as well as the record-keeping of all approvals through the ASB minutes.

- 1. The student leader adheres to relevant laws, school board policy, and fiscal accountability guidelines when managing the student body account.
- 6. The student leader consults the student body on budgetary decisions through the representative process, public meeting, and open fiscal accountability, and spends student body funds for the betterment of the student body.
- 7. The student leader identifies the various sources of school and student funding, the laws and policies that dictate their allocation, and the structures/channels available for student input and advocacy.

Standard 2: Fundraising

Building a successful leadership and activities program requires resources. While the LCAP and LCFF have unlocked new discretionary resources for site administrators to use in promoting a more positive school culture, the funding for these programs most often falls to a school's associated student body. Student leaders who learn effective fundraising practices and techniques not only help bring in this much-needed revenue, but learn skills they can use in college, career, and beyond.

- 1. The student leader adheres to relevant laws, school board policies, and fiscal accountability guidelines when selecting appropriate fundraising activities (i.e. state food guidelines, recommended list of allowable-risk activities, etc.)
- 3. The student leader projects income and expenses within a comprehensive pre-fundraiser evaluation.
- 5. The student leader serves as both a participant and leader in various fundraising activities and employs effective sales techniques.

Standard 3: Marketing

Marketing is a broad strategy. It involves the creation and nurturing of a brand and brand message that connects the producer (student leaders) to their consumers. The American Marketing Association defines it as "the activity, set of institutions, and processes for creating, communicating, delivering, and exchanging offerings that have value for customers, clients, partners, and society at large."

1. The student leader recognizes the difference between marketing and advertising.

Standard 4: Advertising

Advertising is one part of your marketing strategy, specifically designed to sell or promote a product or activity. Modern advertising blends the more traditional media of posters and flyers with video production, photography, and social media. An effective advertising begins with accurate and well-articulated information and comes to life with creativity and sensory appeal.

- 1. The student leader identifies a target audience for each advertisement.
- 2. The student leader makes sure each advertisement contains all necessary information for the product or event.
- 3. The student leader creates advertisements that are grammatically correct and visually appealing.
- 4. The student leader utilizes a variety of techniques and media to deliver the message to the target audience.
- 5. The student leader demonstrates creative ways to advertise.

Standard 5: Customer Service

Student leaders are in sales. They sell tickets to dances and athletic events, fundraiser items, spirit wear and student store items. They also "sell" free items--attendance at assemblies and rallies, attendance at lunchtime activities, and in general the more abstract concepts of school spirit and school involvement. Understanding who their clients are, what they want, and how the expect to be treated helps the student leader to not only create products and experiences that will better engage their customers in the short term, but will give them sales and customer service experience they can carry with them into a future career.

- 1. The student leader demonstrates the skills and competencies necessary to recognize customer concerns and act to reach a satisfactory solution.
- 2. The student leader exhibits positive customer interaction skills.
- 6. The student leader attends to the needs of others in a positive manner in recognizing their role as a representative of the entire student body, school, and community.

Standard 6: Business Law

In California and across the country, nutrition laws and accounting best practices have changed dramatically in the last twenty years. Due to increased accountability and more rigorous oversight, the student leader learns quickly that you can't simply sell chocolate bars on campus or nachos and soda at lunch to raise money. Awareness of business law, specifically as it relates to nutrition and student body fund accounting, means that student leaders have a greater awareness of how they can properly raise funds while preserving their California non-profit status and complying with school, district, and state laws and policies.

3. The student leader follows federal and state laws and district policy related to food and beverage sales that take place during the school day.

TECHNOLOGY AND DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP

Standard 1: Digital Workspace and Collaboration

It seems as though cloud technology was made for student leaders. The ability to collaborate on budgets, scripts, to-do lists, calendars, and surveys, just to name a few, helps student leaders to focus less on the back-and-forth of comparing different versions of documents, and more on producing a better digital product to serve the student body. Comments, version tracking, editing/suggesting mode, in-document chat, and other features enhance the student leaders' ability to communicate and collaborate whether in the same room, on a home computer, or on their mobile device.

- 1. The student leader demonstrates a working knowledge of word processing, spreadsheets, presentations, online forms, and desktop publishing as it relates to their role on the leadership team.
- 2. The student leader stores work in a shared cloud environment that is accessible by themselves, their leadership team peers, and leadership team educators.
- 3. The student leader grants view, comment, and/or edit access to files as needed to allow for collaboration with the student leadership team.

Standard 2: Digital Citizenship

Whether on a shared classroom computer, at home, or on a mobile device, student leaders have the power to connect to each other and to the world in ways that we never did at their age. With this power comes the responsibility to understand their own digital footprint, as well as to treat others with kindness, dignity, and respect.

- 1. The student leader cultivates and manages their digital identity and reputation, and demonstrates awareness of the permanence of their actions in the digital world.
- 2. The student leader engages in positive, safe, legal, and ethical behavior when using technology, including social interactions online or when using networked devices.
- 3. The student leader demonstrates an understanding of and respect for the rights and obligations of using and sharing intellectual property.
- 4. The student leader manages personal data to maintain digital privacy and security for themselves and for others.

Standard 3: Audio/Visual Presentation

Student leaders are frequently called upon to not only use video and amplified sound in rallies, assemblies, and outdoor activities, but also to set up the technology needed for these events as well. The student leader should have the basic skills to set up this technology, as well as know how to get the right music started to set the tone for the event.

- 1. The student leader recognizes the positive role of audio/visual technology in the creation of school events.
- 4. The student leader selects music and other media that are appropriate for the nature of the event, as well as to the values of the school community and the audience present at the event.
- 5. The student leader demonstrates an understanding of the basic setup of an audio/visual presentation and can connect a video source to both an audio and a video projection system.

Standard 4: Video and Photography

As access to technology grows, student leaders are increasingly using visual/media arts to promote a positive culture and climate at their schools. These tools have the power to connect students to their school, but care must be taken to use these tools responsibly, and in a way that is always positive and inclusive.

- 1. The student leader recognizes the role of video and photography in the promotion of positive school culture.
- 2. The student leader demonstrates a basic understanding of video and photography skills as they relate to their role on the student leadership team.
- 3. The student leader includes a diverse cross-section of the student body when creating video or photo presentations to be shared school-wide.
- 4. The student leader demonstrates an understanding of the law and school/district policy regarding the public sharing of images/video of minors on social media and in other public forums, and works with school administration to protect student privacy.
- 5. The student leader acknowledges that images/video of students and staff should never be presented in such a way that would embarrass or humiliate.

Participation Expectations

- Students are present during all class and committee meetings as scheduled.
- Students will be prepared and punctual with materials and assignments.
- Students will be positive contributors to our goals and objectives.
- Students will seek out ways to get involved and help without being asked.
- Students will communicate with the teacher early and often as necessary for their own success and the success of the group.
- Student will practice self efficacy

Grading Policy

30% Participation (attendance, discussion, suggesting ideas, job fulfillment)

30% School Service (program and event planning and hosting)

30% Individual Studies (class work and projects)

10% Assessments (tests and quizzes)

Student Absences

In the case that a student will be absent, it is their job to communicate(in advance when possible) with the teacher the reason for their absence. The student and teacher will then schedule due dates for work that may be made up.

Late Work Policy

Due to the nature of our program there are two kinds of work to be completed. First, there are individual studies and assignments that are related to an individual's personal development. The second kind of work we do is considered school service which involves program and event planning and hosting for our school community.

Work that is completed/received after the due date will be treated as follows

- Individual studies and assignments the are late will receive no more than 70% of the total possible score
- School service assignments that are late will receive a score of 0%(missed deadlines for these assignments cannot be made up after the fact and can have catastrophic effects on our efforts to improve

school culture).

Online Norms

The Core Rules of "Netiquette:"

1. Be present

- a. Put your cell phone on silent and place it away from you so that you will not be tempted to use it during the meeting.
- b. Keep your video on if possible. (It brings a human element to the meeting)
- c. Have a notepad and pen next to you before the meeting starts so that you can take notes.
- d. Stay focused and on task. Try not to let yourself get distracted with other things around or available to you.

2. Choose Location

- a. Choose a location in your house that is quiet and free from distractions. You don't want people walking behind you during the meeting.
- b. Look behind you before starting a virtual meeting to see what everyone in the chat will see.

3. Practice Quality Communication

- a. Keep answers short and on-topic
- b. Comments in the chat feature should either ask questions or add content to the pool of knowledge.
- c. Listen more than you speak Lots of people may want to share their views and it is important that you give everyone a chance to engage. Contribute when you can, be courteous to others, and try to listen more than you speak.
- d. Avoid the use of acronyms unless you define their meaning first.
- e. Avoid the use of sarcasm. It is usually not an effective tool in a virtual setting and can end up hurting feelings.

4. Breathe...... We can do this!

- a. If you lose connection during a meeting, breathe! It will be ok and you are not alone. After you take a deep breath, try one of the following suggestions:
 - i. Exit out of your meeting screen and log in again.
 - ii. Make sure no one else is on the internet in your house.
 - iii. If you are not able to log back in:
 - 1. Review what notes you have from the meeting.
 - 2. Email the teacher after the meeting with specific questions.
 - 3. Access the teachers office hours to have a 1 on 1 virtual discussion.

Resources

Nevada Union ASB Constitution